

$$5) \quad w = x^2 y$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 4$$

$$x = 6$$

$$y = 20$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt} y + x^2 \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = 2(6)(-1)(20) + (6)^2(4)$$

$$= -240 + 144$$

$$= -96$$

(e.)

$$y = x^2 - 2x$$

$$u = 2x + 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = \frac{dy}{dx} \frac{dx}{du}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - 2$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = (2x - 2) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = x - 1$$

$$4) \quad a) \quad g'(x) = 2 + f(x)$$

$$b) \quad g'(x) = 2 + f(x)$$

$$g''(x) = f'(x)$$

$$g''(4) = f'(4) = \frac{-6}{6} = -1$$

$g''(-2)$ does not exist

c.) $g''(x) < 0$ if c.c down

$f'(x) < 0$ $(-2, 0)$ and $(2, 8)$

$$d.) \quad h(x) = g(x^3 + 1)$$

$$h'(x) = g'(x^3 + 1) \cdot (3x^2)$$

$$h'(1) = g'(2) \cdot (3) = (2 + f(2)) \cdot (3) = (2 + 3) \cdot (3) = 15$$

$$5.) \quad x(t) = 5t^3 - 9t^2 + 7$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad x'(t) = v(t) = 15t^2 - 18t$$

$$x'(1) = 15 - 18 = -3$$

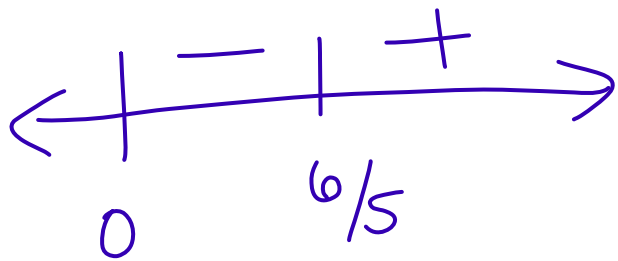
At $t=1$, particle x is moving left since $x'(1) < 0$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad x'(t) = 15t^2 - 18t$$

$$0 = 3t(5t - 6)$$

$$t = 0, \quad 6/5$$

at $t = 6/5$,
 x is farthest left
b/c $x'(t)$ changes
- to +



$$\textcircled{c} \quad x(t) = 5t^3 - 9t^2 + 7 \quad y(t) = 7t + 3$$

$$y'(t) = 7$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} x(t) y(t)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} x(t) y'(t) + \frac{1}{2} x'(t) y(t)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{t=1} = \frac{1}{2}(3)(7) + \frac{1}{2}(-3)(10)$$

$$= \frac{21}{2} - \frac{30}{2}$$

$$= -\frac{9}{2}$$

