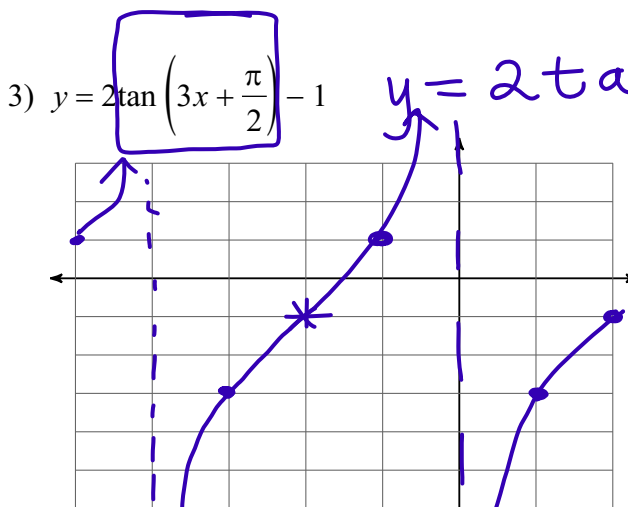
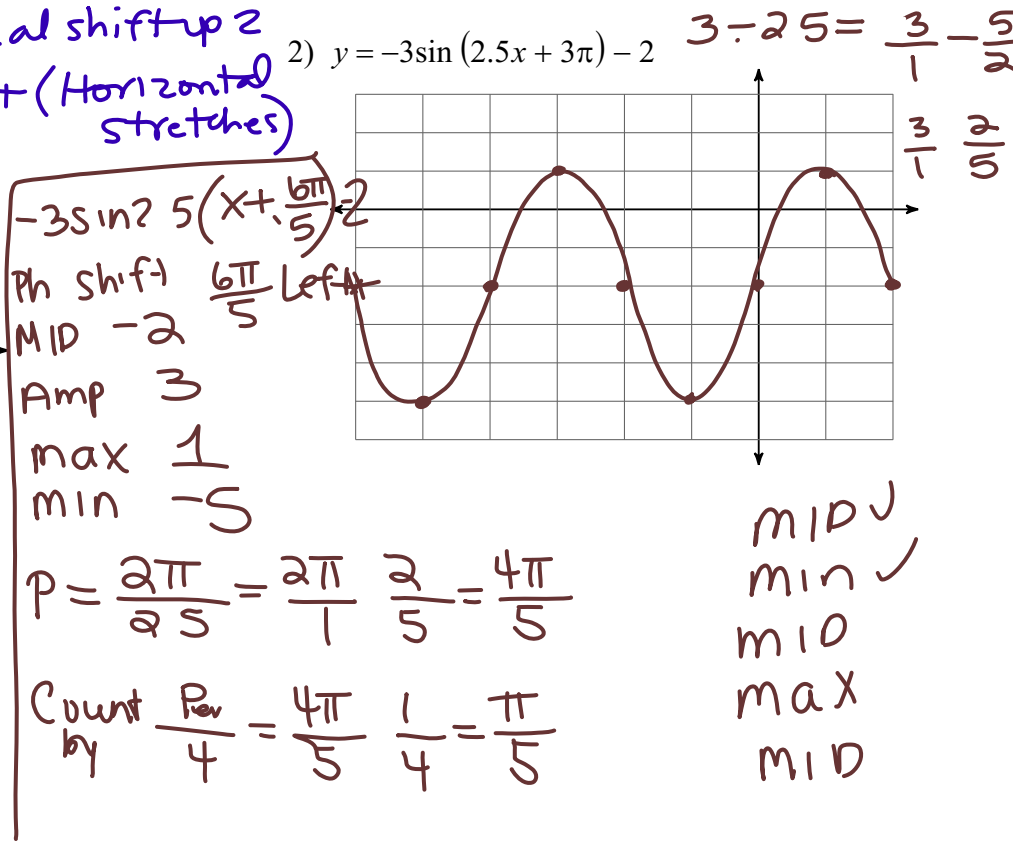
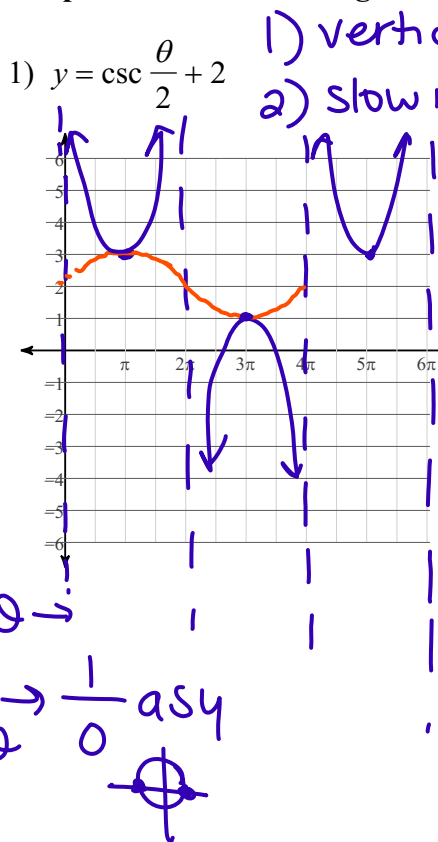


Graphing and More Review Notes

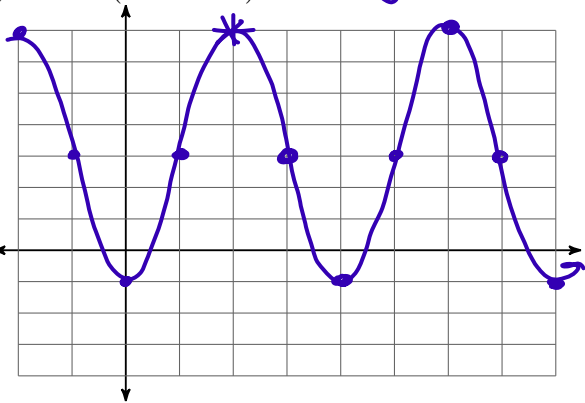
Graph each function using radians.



θ	$\tan \theta$	sin/cos
0	0	
$\pi/4$	1	
$\pi/2$	asymp	
$3\pi/4$	-1	
π	0	

4) $y = 4\cos(0.75x - \pi) + 3$

$y = 4\cos\frac{3}{4}\left(x - \frac{4\pi}{3}\right) + 3$



Amp 4
 Mid 3
 max 7
 min -1
 Period $\frac{2\pi}{3/4} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{3} = \frac{8\pi}{3}$
 Count by $\frac{p}{4} = \frac{8\pi}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

X-axis
 $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

COS
 max
 mid
 min
 mid
 max

Find the exact value of each expression.

Q4 5) $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$? angle

$\frac{\sqrt{3}/2 (s)(y)}{1/2 (c)(x)}$

$-\frac{\pi}{3}$

6) $\sin^{-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$-\frac{\pi}{3}$

7) $\cos^{-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\frac{5\pi}{6}$

8) $\cot^{-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$\frac{\cos}{\sin} \rightarrow \frac{1/2}{\sqrt{3}/2}$

$\frac{2\pi}{3}$

9) $\cot^{-1} 1$

$\frac{\cos}{\sin} = \frac{\sqrt{2}/2}{\sqrt{2}/2} \rightarrow$

$\frac{\pi}{4}$

10) $\csc^{-1} \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ rec $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Q1
 rec of ?

(sin (y) $\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$)

$= \frac{\pi}{3}$

11) $\sin^{-1} \frac{\pi}{3}$

undefined

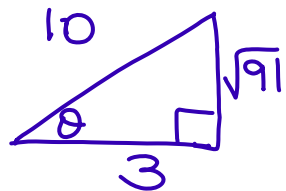
Q1 $\cot \sec^{-1} 2 = \frac{1}{\cos}$

$\cos 1/2 \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}$

$\cot \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\cos \pi/3}{\sin \pi/3} = \frac{1/2}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

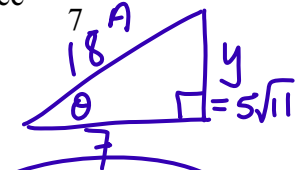
$\frac{h}{o}$ 13) $\csc \cot^{-1} \frac{3\sqrt{91}}{91}$

$\frac{\sqrt{91}}{\sqrt{91}} \rightarrow \frac{3 \cdot 91}{91 \sqrt{91}} \rightarrow \frac{3}{\sqrt{91}} = \frac{a}{o}$



$= \frac{10}{\sqrt{91}}$ or $\frac{10\sqrt{91}}{91}$

14) $\sin \sec^{-1} \frac{18}{7}$



$\sin \theta = \frac{5\sqrt{11}}{18}$

$18^2 = y^2 + 7^2$
 $324 = y^2 + 49$
 $275 = y^2$
 $275 = 25 \cdot 11$

15) $\csc^{-1} \left(\tan \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$

$\tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1$

$\frac{\pi}{2}$

16) $\tan^{-1} \left(\csc \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$

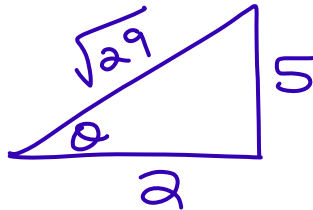
$-\frac{\pi}{4}$

17) $\cot^{-1} \left(\tan \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$

$\frac{3\pi}{4}$

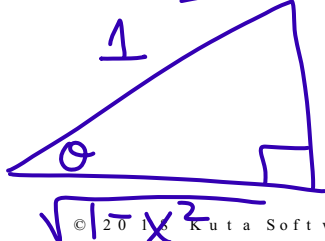
18) $\sin \cot^{-1} \frac{2}{5}$

$2^2 + 5^2 = 4 + 25 = 29$



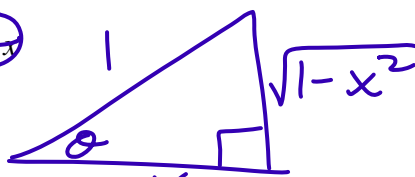
$\sin \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{29}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{29}}{\sqrt{29}} = \frac{5\sqrt{29}}{29}$

19) $\cos \sin^{-1} x$



$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1}$

20) $\sec \cos^{-1} x$

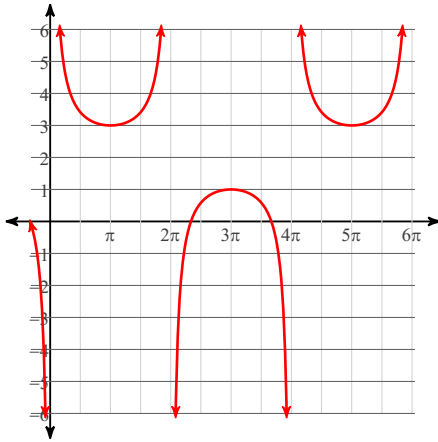


$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{x}$

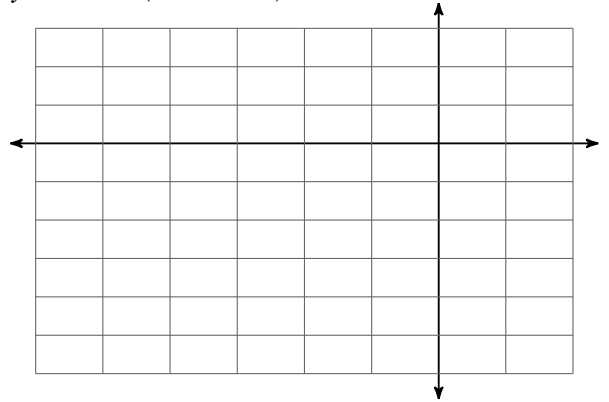
Graphing and More Review Notes

Graph each function using radians.

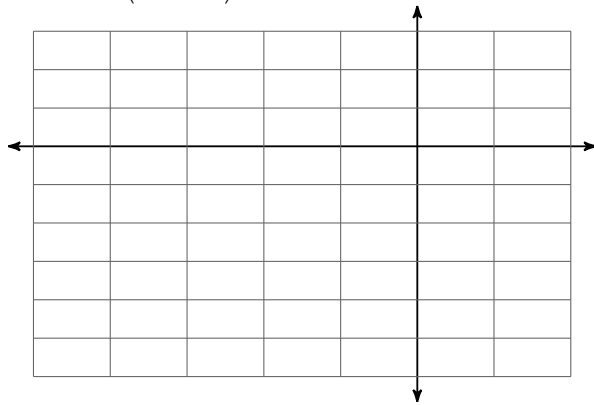
1) $y = \csc \frac{\theta}{2} + 2$



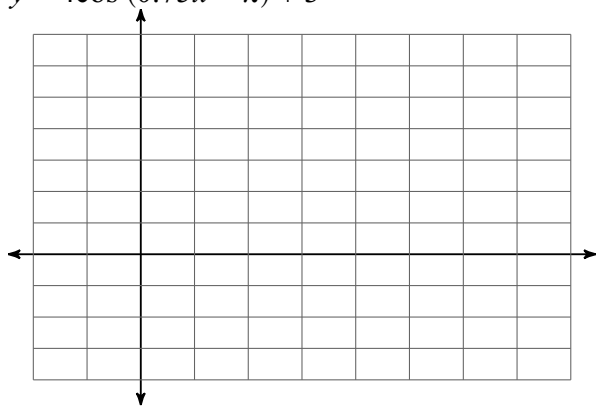
2) $y = -3\sin(2.5x + 3\pi) - 2$



3) $y = 2\tan\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 1$



4) $y = 4\cos(0.75x - \pi) + 3$



Find the exact value of each expression.

5) $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$
 $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

6) $\sin^{-1} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

7) $\cos^{-1} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

8) $\cot^{-1} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

9) $\cot^{-1} 1$
 $\frac{\pi}{4}$

10) $\csc^{-1} \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 $\frac{\pi}{3}$

11) $\sin^{-1} \frac{\pi}{3}$

undefined (because $\frac{\pi}{3}$ is bigger than 1)

12) $\cot \sec^{-1} 2$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

13) $\csc \cot^{-1} \frac{3\sqrt{91}}{91}$

$$\frac{10\sqrt{91}}{91}$$

14) $\sin \sec^{-1} \frac{18}{7}$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{11}}{18}$$

15) $\csc^{-1} \left(\tan \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$

$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

16) $\tan^{-1} \left(\csc - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$

$$-\frac{\pi}{4}$$

17) $\cot^{-1} \left(\tan - \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4}$$

18) $\sin \cot^{-1} \frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{29}}{29}$$

19) $\cos \sin^{-1} x$
 $\sqrt{1-x^2}$

20) $\sec \cos^{-1} x$
 $\frac{1}{x}$