

IVT

IVT is good to go

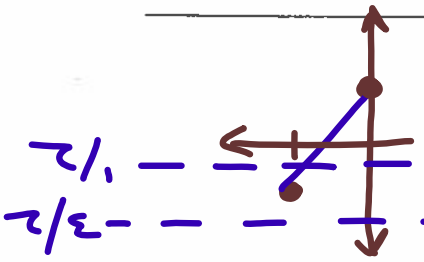
1. Let g be a continuous function on the closed interval $[0, 1]$. Let $g(0)=1$ and $g(1)=1$. Which of the following is NOT necessarily true?

- (A) There exists a number h in $(0, 1)$ such that $g(x) = g(h)$ for all x in $[0, 1]$.
- (B) For all a and b in $[0, 1]$, if $a < b$, then $g(a) < g(b)$.

(C) There exists a number h in $[0, 1]$ such that $g(h) = \frac{1}{2}$.

(D) There exists a number h in $(0, 1)$ such that $g'(h) = \frac{2}{3}$.

(E) For all h in the open interval $(0, 1)$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow h} g(x) = g(h)$.



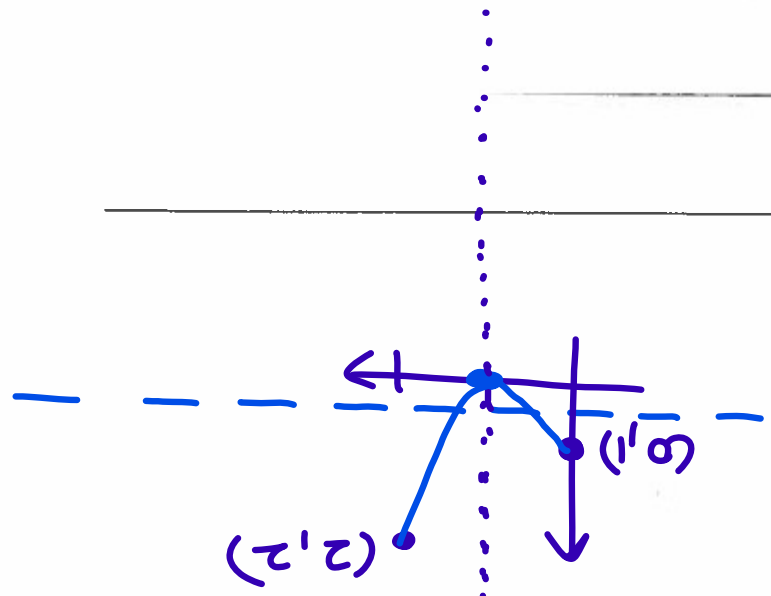
2.

The function f is continuous on the closed interval $[0, 2]$ and has values that are given in the table above. The equation $f(x) = \frac{2}{1}$ must have at least two solutions in the interval $[0, 2]$ if $k =$

x	0	1	2
$f(x)$	1	1	2

IVT

- (A) 0
- (B) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (C) 1
- (D) 2
- (E) 3



IVT

t (minutes)	0	2	5	8	12
$v_A(t)$ (meters/minute)	0	100	10	-120	-150

Train A runs back and forth on an east-west section of railroad track. Train A's velocity, measured in meters per minute, is given by a differentiable function $v_A(t)$, where time t is measured in minutes. Selected values for $v_A(t)$ are given in the table above.

3. Do the data in the table support the conclusion that train A's velocity is -100 meters per minute at some time t with $5 < t < 8$? Give a reason for your answer.

by IVT

$v_A(5) = 40$
 Since $-120 < -100 < 40$

$v_A(8) = -120$
 at some $5 < t < 8$

Name: _____
 Period: _____

	9		1
	10		2
	11		3
	12		4
	13		5
	14		6
	15		7
			8

MATCHING:

- | | |
|---|----|
| A | 8 |
| B | 7 |
| C | 6 |
| D | 5 |
| E | 4 |
| F | 3 |
| G | 2 |
| H | 1 |
| I | 15 |
| J | 14 |
| K | 13 |
| L | 12 |
| M | 11 |
| N | 10 |
| O | 9 |
- None

AP Calculus *None is an option
 Match the function graphs (f) with the graphs of their derivatives (d').

	I		A
	J		B
	K		C
	L		D
	M		E
	N		F
	O		G
			H